







# **ENSURING OVERALL PRODUCT QUALITY**

Yamaha Motor Company manufactures a wide range of engine-powered products such as motorcycles, racing-karts and generators, in addition to such diverse products as powerboats and sailboats.

The expertise gained from research in these fields is fed back into product development across our product lines. This enables Yamaha to supply technologically superior products to our customers all over the world.

Production lines at Yamaha are operated under strict quality control, ensuring that every product we make meets international guality standards. And the components that go into Yamaha MZ series multi-purpose engines are manufactured to specifications chosen for maximum performance and quality. This ensures that every engine we produce is of the highest quality, with the performance to match.





 Please read the owner's manual carefully before operating, and be sure to operate the machine property. • Regularly inspect the engine and perform maintenance when necessary.

- Keep the machine in good operating condition at all times.
- Turn the engine off and keep away from open flames whenever refueling the machine. Also, immediately wipe up any spilled fuel.
- Operate the engine only in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation or shortly after stopping.
- Specifications are subject to change without notice.

#### http://www.global.yamaha-motor/business/pp/





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# **MULTI-PURPOSE ENGINES**

# o m o r r o w's



MZ125 / MZ175 / MZ200 / MZ250 / MZ300 / MZ360





#### Power Ν 0 W!

# YAMAHA MZ Series MULTI-PURPOSE ENGINES





FEATURES OF MZ ENGINE SERIES

Crankshaft

Cam shaft

**Connecting rod** 

MZ175



G

Piston



Clean P.T.O. face

The mounting face of the P.T.O. side, MZ engine is

Meets latest emission standard

almost flat against applications. This will make customer easier to apply their product fit against our engine

P.T.O.

compare to others.

Variety of P.T.O. shaft

in each country



Fuel tank

B

Carburetor

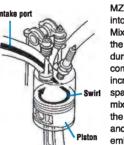
MZ200

MZ250

Intake valve

MZ360

SHAF



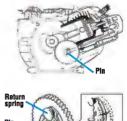
MZ engine mixture air goes into the cylinder having swirl. Mixture air needs to go into the cylinder uniformly. Also during compression and combustion, having swirl will increase the speed of plug's spark spread through the mixture air. This increases the power, fuel consumption. and cleanliness exhaust emission.

#### C Spark plug



Register plug for noise reduction. Standard equipped a resistance type SPARK PLUG "BPB4ES."

#### E Decompression





**Urethane Foam** 

Stationary engines such as pump and generator

DUST CONDITION

rice-planting machine

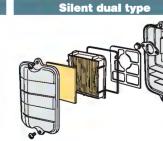
APPLICATION EXAMPLE

Low dust condition

A

Air cleaner Various air cleaner selection.

Silent semidry type





DUST CONDITION liate dust condition APPLICATION EXAMPLE

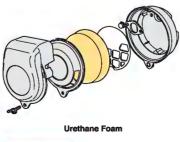
Harvesting machines (binder, harvester, etc.) achines (tiller, etc.)

DUST CONDITION re dust conditio APPLICATION EXAMPLE

Construction machinery (plate, rammer, etc.) Harvesting machines (binder, harvester, etc.) Caring machines (earth-scattering machine

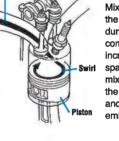
Semi-cyclone type

Paper filter + Urethane Foam



DUST CONDE Low dust condition

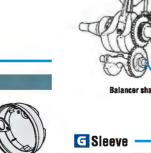
# B Intake manifold



E Balancer [MZ360]

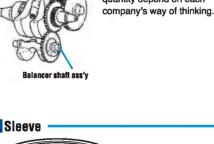
piny sleeve

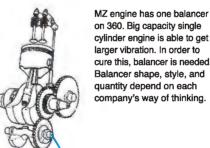
Spiny sleeve is used. Since the engine block is aluminum, cast iron sleeve is fitted for more durability and less worn out. This sleeve is called spiny sleeve that has special shape. When aluminum and steel expands by heat, their expand rate is different(aluminum is more than steel). This difference will create air pockets but with spiny sleeve is keeps this level very small. Spiny sleeve is shaped liked jigsaw puzzle and even if aluminum and steel expands in different ratio, the air pocket will not occur largely. This will help to radiate the engine inside heat transfer to sleeve, block, and fin and keep the engine temperature in more idealistic figure.

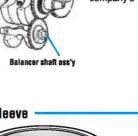








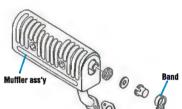






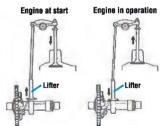


#### D Muffler



The adoption of a large muffler reduces the exhaust noise. The tail screen is also adopted to MZ125 and MZ175.

When stopping/starting the engine:



When starting the engine, the compression pressure is reduced by forcing the exhaust valve to open, thus facilitating the start operation.

#### ① The decomp weight pushes up the pin to push the lifter

(2) The exhaust valve is not opened or closed as the camshaft turns but forced to open.

#### When operating engine:

- (1) The centrifugal force causes the decomp weight to open, and this movement lowers the pin.
- (2) The lifter is not forced to be pushed up but normally moves as the camshaft turns. The exhaust valve is not opened and
- (3) closed with the normal timing.

#### H Exhaust valve

High heat resistant SUH3 steel is used. But since exhaust valve expose to more than 700 degrees Celsius instantly, at the valve face where it meets valve seat has stellite coating. Also, whole valve surface has tufftride finish in order to increase the hardness. Together when this tufftride finish is polished friction of surface becomes very low which makes valve to move smoother against guides.

# MZ2507 MZ300 NEW/77TECHNOLOGY

#### Hemispherical combustion chamber

A fast combustion speed is necessary to increase combustion efficiency. Since the compact size and shape of the hemispherical combustion chamber adopted on MZ250/MZ300 reduces the distance that the combustion flame ignited by the spark plug must travel, less gas remains unburned and the combustion speed is increased. This results in improved fuel efficiency.

#### DIFFERENCE IN COMBUSTION CHAMBER SHAPE



## Valve angle

To enable a hemispherical combustion chamber shape, the intake and exhaust valves were set at an angle of 22°. To accommodate this angle, the intake port shape was also changed. The interior of the combustion chamber is conducive to creating a swirl that speeds up combustion, boosts combustion efficiency and helps achieve better fuel efficiency.



## **Ignition timing**

Since the hemispherical combustion chamber increases combustion speed compared to the current engine, the ignition timing (advance) has also been changed from the current model's BTDC23° to the new model's BTDC20°. This made it possible to clear the emissions standard requirements

Ignition timing (or ignition advance) means the timing of the firing of the spark plug. It is expressed in terms of the number of degrees of [crank] angle before the piston reaches top dead center in its compression stroke that the ignition is set to fire at. For example, BTDC25° (BTDC = Before Top Dead Center) would mean that the ignition fires at the point where the crank angle is 25° before top dead center, which is designated as 0°. The reason for such an advance in the timing of the ignition is because it would take some time for the ignition flame to spread through the air-fuel mixture in the entire combustion chamber if the ignition was fired when the piston reached top dead center

#### Air cleaner with new air intake position (only on Silent Semi-dry series)

Both the MZ250/MZ300 models have a new air cleaner design with the intake vents located at the top of the box where the intake air is less influenced by engine heat and less likely to draw in dusty air.

Also, a new filter material has been chosen to minimize dust intake and improve fuel efficiency and maintenance.

AIR CLEANER DIFFERENCE New MZ250/MZ300



#### Compact design and engineering [MZ300]

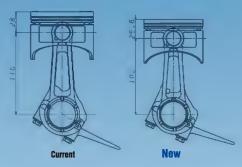
Until now, the MZ300 model had been the same size as the MZ360, but now compact design changes throughout the engine have reduced the size of the new model sufficiently to make it the same size as the MZ250. First of all, the forward incline angle of the cylinder was changed from 28° to 22° from the horizontal to enable a decrease in overall height. At the same time, the shape of the piston and its skirt was changed and the length of the connecting rod shortened (110 mm > 102mm) for an optimum design that reduced the dimension in the direction of the cylinder head. In addition, a review was made of the head assembly from the standpoint of space efficiency, resulting in a reduction in overall width by setting the breather chamber in the head at an angle.





#### YAMAHA MZ Series MULTI-PURPOSE ENGINES



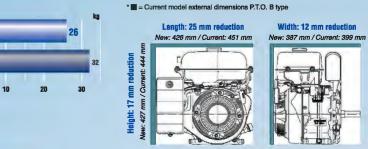


Furthermore, the recoil assembly was made thinner through design changes like positioning a pair of cooling air ducts on two sides, and a thinner air cleaner design was also adopted to contribute to overall compactness.

Despite its compact design, the new MZ300 maintains the same level of power output as the current model. As a result, it now has the largest displacement of all the competing models in its size category.\*

\*As of June, 2012 according to Yamaha Motor surveys

#### WEIGHT COMPARISON



SIZE COMPARISON

# **Canister Cap** for U.S.A. Emission Standard

Chain for prevent from coming off.

#### Comparison of fuel consumption per hour \*As of June, 2012 according to Yamaha surveys





#### (N·m) (kgf·m) 18.0 - 1.8 16.0 - 1.6 14.0 - 1.4 12.0 - 1.2 (PS) (kW) 8.0 - 6.0 7.0 - 5.0 Continuous operating horsepower 6.0 4.0 5.0 Recommended operating range 4.0 - 3.0 3.0 - 2.0 2.0 (g/kw+h) (g/PS+h) 370 270 350 260 330 250 240 1.0 P.T.O. Shaft spe ed x 102 r/ml

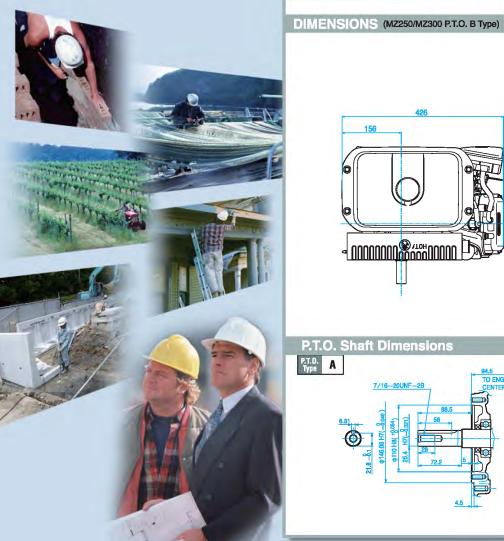
PERFORMANCE CURVE

#### SPECIFICATIONS

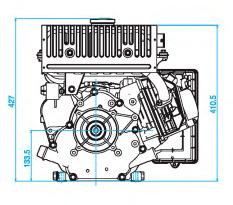
Model name	MZ250	
Bore × Stroke	74 × 59 mm	
Displacement	253 cm <sup>3</sup>	
Compression Ratio	8.7	
Max Power (Net)	5.4 kW (7.3 PS) / 3600 rpm	
Rated Power (Net)	4.5 kW (6.1 PS) / 3600 rpm	
Max Torque (Net)	15.7 N·m (1.6 kgf·m) / 2400 rpm	
Fuel Consumption	328 g/kW·h (242 g/PS·h)	
Fuel	GASOLINE	
Fuel Tank Capacity	5.8 L	
Ignition System	T.C.I	
Spark Plug	NGK BPR4ES	
Lubrication System	Mechanical Splashing	
Oil Capacity	1.0 L	
Dry Weight	26 Kg	
Dimensions(L×W×H)	362 × 426 × 427 mm	

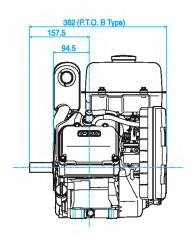
# YAMAHA MZ Series of Multi-Purpose Engines



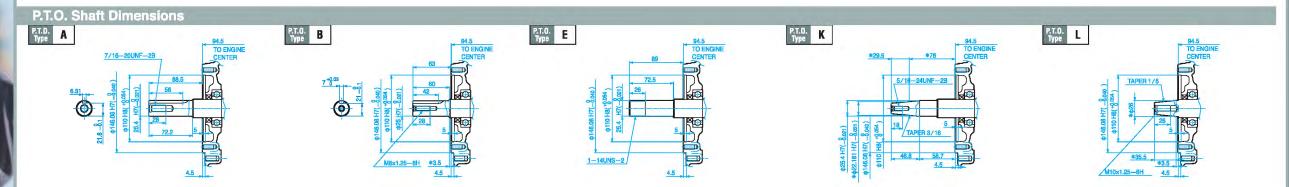


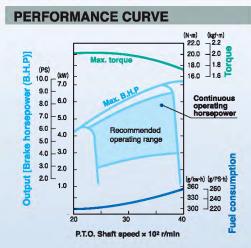
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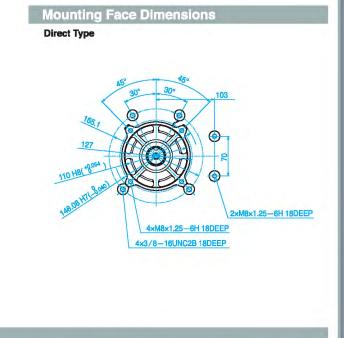
2×11×27(SLOT HOLE 57.5 37





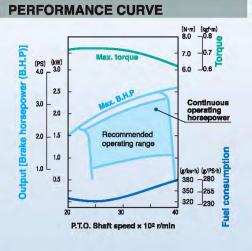
#### SPECIFICATIONS

Model name	MZ300	
Bore × Stroke	80 × 59 mm	
Displacement	296 cm <sup>3</sup>	
Compression Ratio	8.4	
Max Power (Net)	7.0 kW (9.5 PS) / 3600 rpm	
Rated Power (Net)	5.8 kW (7.9 PS) / 3600 rpm	
Max Torque (Net)	20.3 N·m (2.0 kgf·m) / 2400 rpm	
Fuel Consumption	298 g/kW·h (219 g/PS·h)	
Fuel	GASOLINE	
Fuel Tank Capacity	5.8 L	
Ignition System	T.C.I	
Spark Plug	NGK BPR4ES	
Lubrication System	Mechanical Splashing	
Oil Capacity	1.0 L	
Dry Weight	26 Kg	
Dimensions(L×W×H)	362 × 426 × 427 mm	



#### YAMAHA MZ Series of Multi-Purpose Engines

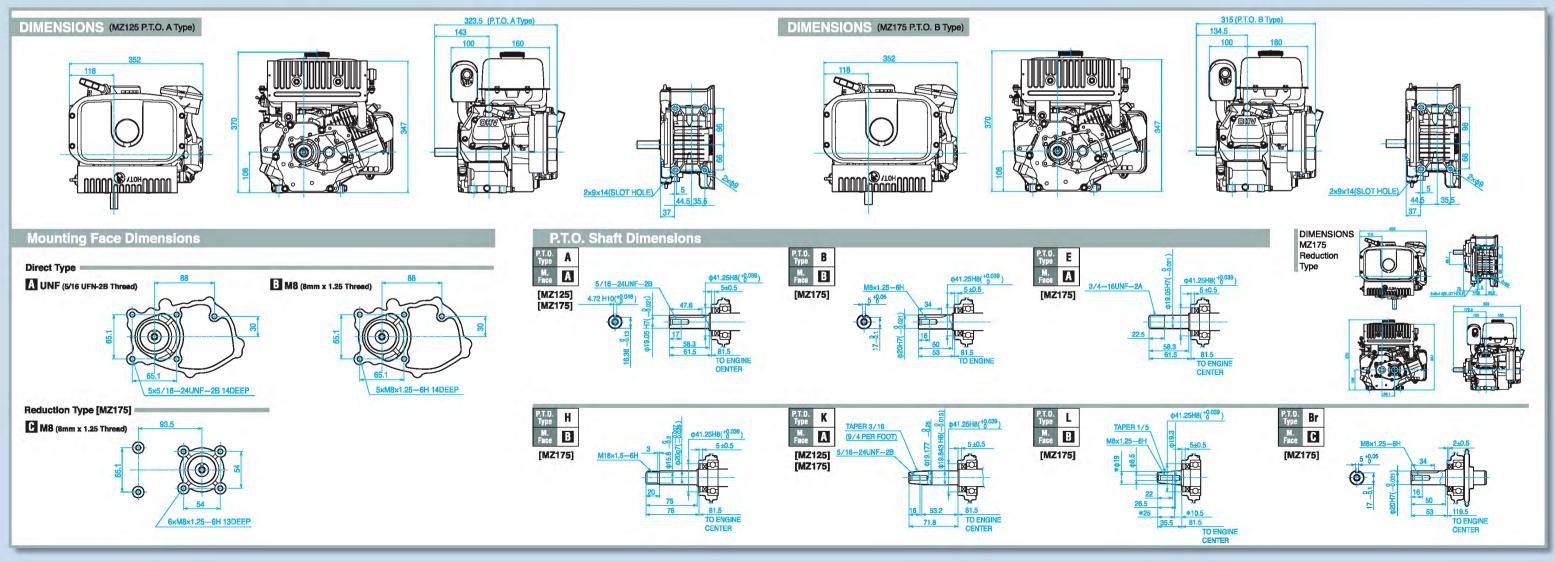




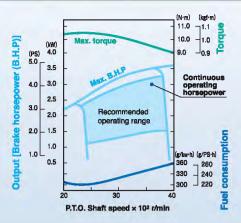
#### SPECIFICATIONS

56 × 50 mm 123 cm <sup>3</sup>	
123 cm <sup>3</sup>	
8.3	
2.5 kW (3.4 PS) / 3600 rpm	
2.1 kW (2.9 PS) / 3600 rpm	
7.3 N·m (0.7 kgf·m) / 2400 rpm	
322 g/kW·h (237 g/PS·h)	
GASOLINE	
4.5 L	
T.C.I	
NGK BPR4ES	
Mechanical Splashing	
0.6 L	
15.5 Kg	
323.5 × 352 × 370 mm	

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#### PERFORMANCE CURVE



#### SPECIFICATIONS

Model name	MZ175	MZ175 Reduction Type	
Bore × Stroke	66 × 50 mm		
Displacement	171 cm <sup>3</sup>		
Compression Ratio	8.5		
Max Power (Net)	3.5 kW (4.8 PS) / 3600 rpm	3.5 kW (4.8 PS) / 1800 rpm	
Rated Power (Net)	3.0 kW (4.1 PS) / 3600 rpm	3.0 kW (4.1 PS) / 1800 rpm	
Max Torque (Net)	10.5 N·m (1.0 kgf·m) / 2400 rpm	21.1 N·m (2.0 kgf·m) / 1200 rpm	
Fuel Consumption	300 g/kW·h (221 g/PS·h)		
Fuel	GASOLINE		
Fuel Tank Capacity	4.5 L		
Ignition System	T.C.I		
Spark Plug	NGK BPR4ES		
Lubrication System	Mechanical Splashing		
Oil Capacity	0.6 L		
Dry Weight	16.0 Kg	19.5 Kg	
Dimensions(L×W×H)	315 x 352 x 370 mm	353 x 352 x 370 mm	
*Engine Output described above is representative net output measured at 3600rpm.			

#### YAMAHA MZ Series of Multi-Purpose Engines

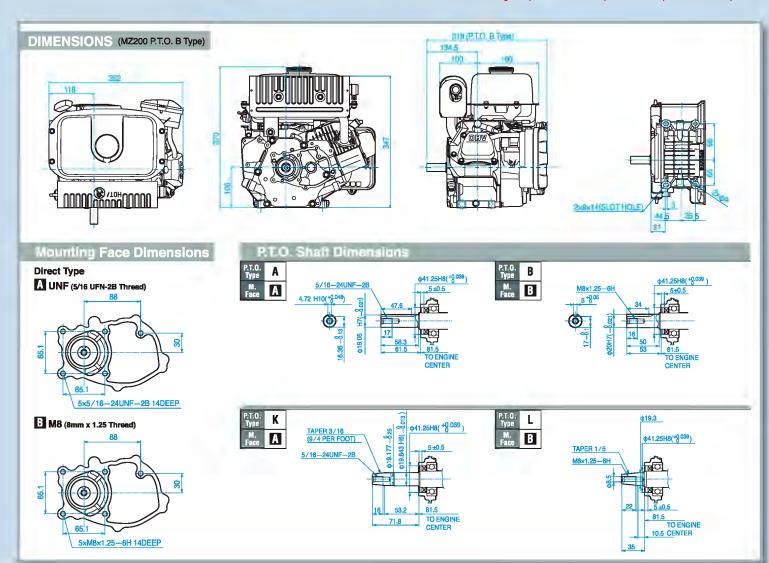


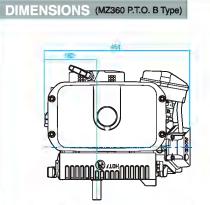
#### PERFORMANCE CURVE (N·m) (kgf·m) 13.0 – 1.3 12.0 – 1.2 11.0 – 1.1 10.0 – 1.0 (PS) (kW) 3.0 4.5 4.0 Continuous operating horsepower 2.5 3.5 2.0 - 3.0 2.5 1.5 - 2.0 Recommended operating range 1.0 - 1.5 1.0 5 0.5 g/kw-h) (g/PS-h 380 — 280 0.5 255 ō 320 230 P.T.O. Shaft speed × 10<sup>2</sup> r/mir

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Model name	MZ200	
Bore × Stroke	70 × 50 mm	
Displacement	192 cm <sup>3</sup>	
Compression Ratio	8.5	
Max Power (Net)	4.2 kW (5.7 PS) / 3600 rpm	
Rated Power (Net)	3.5 kW (4.8 PS) / 3600 rpm	
Max Torque (Net)	12.3 N·m (1.2 kgf·m) / 2400 rpm	
Fuel Consumption	321 g/kW·h (236 g/PS·h)	
Fuel	GASOLINE	
Fuel Tank Capacity	4.5 L	
Ignition System	T.C.I	
Spark Plug	NGK BPR4ES	
Lubrication System	Mechanical Splashing	
Oil Capacity	0.6 L	
Dry Weight	17 Kg	
Dimensions(L×W×H)	318 × 352 × 370 mm	
*Engine Output described	above is representative net output measured at 3600rpm	

YAMAHA MZ Series of Multi-Purpose Engines YAMAN



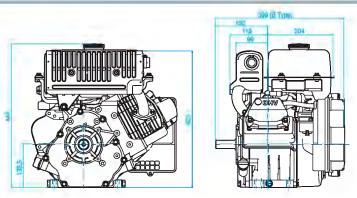


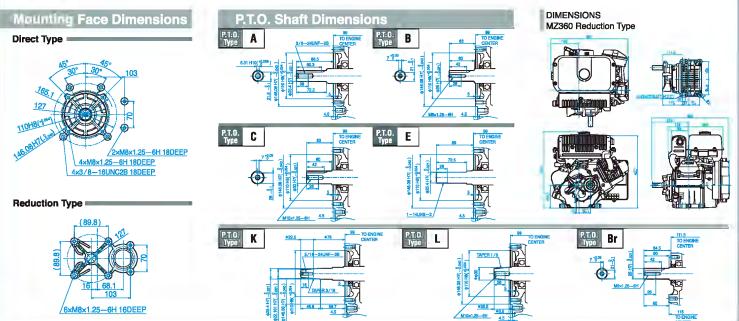
4×M8×1.25-6H 18DEEP 4×3/8-16UNC2B 18DEEP

×M8×1.25-6H 16DEEP

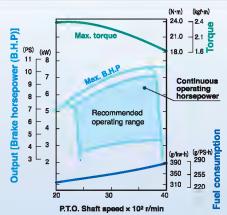
Direct Type

**Reduction Type** 





#### PERFORMANCE CURVE



#### SPECIFICATIONS

Model name	MZ360	MZ360 Reduction Type
Bore × Stroke	85 × 63 mm	
Displacement	357 cm <sup>3</sup>	
Compression Ratio	8.1	
Max Power (Net)	7.6 kW (10.4 PS) / 3600 rpm 7.6 kW (10.4 PS) / 1800 rpm	
Rated Power (Net)	6.3 kW (8.6 PS) / 3600 rpm	6.3 kW (8.6 PS) / 1800 rpm
Max Torque (Net)	23.9 N·m (2.4 kgf·m) / 2400 rpm	47.8 N·m (4.8 kgf·m) / 1200 rpm
Fuel Consumption	318 g/kW·h (234 g/PS·h)	
Fuel	GASOLINE	
Fuel Tank Capacity	6.7 L	
Ignition System	T.C.I	
Spark Plug	NGK BPR4ES	
Lubrication System	Mechanical Splashing	
Oil Capacity	1.1 L	
Dry Weight	33 Kg	36 Kg
Dimensions(L×W×H)	399 × 451 × 444 mm	450 × 451 × 444 mm
*Engine Output described above is representative net output measured at 3600rpm.		

